Jeffrey Panko NP
PSYCHIATRY

Jeffrey Panko, PMHNP-BC
Phone 646-549-4694 | Fax 646-558-4238
JMPankoNP@JeffreyPanko.com
jeffreypanko.com

PATIENT EDUCATION

Clorazepate

Tranxene / Generic tablets

A guide for adults taking clorazepate.
Follow the directions on your prescription and your provider's recommendations.

FOLLOW YOUR DOSE PLAN | AVOID ALCOHOL AND UNAPPROVED SEDATIVES

Formulations: Oral tablets are taken once daily or in divided doses according to the treatment plan. Its effects can accumulate over repeated doses.

What it is used for

Clorazepate treats anxiety and alcohol-withdrawal symptoms and is used with other medication for certain seizures. The dosing plan differs for each purpose.

How it works

The body converts clorazepate to a long-acting benzodiazepine metabolite. It enhances GABA signaling, which reduces anxiety and nerve-cell excitability but can also impair alertness.

What to expect over time

Effects can begin after the first dose. The timing and duration depend on the formulation and dose. Sleepiness or impaired coordination may last longer than the relief you notice.

Your provider should review whether ongoing treatment is helping and whether the dose or duration should change. Do not increase the dose when the effect seems weaker.

Taking your medication

- Follow the schedule for your specific condition.
- If you miss a dose, take it when you remember unless it is almost time for the next dose. Then skip it. Do not double a dose.
- For an alcohol-withdrawal plan, contact the treatment team about missed doses rather than adjusting it yourself.
- Do not stop abruptly after regular use.

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Side effects and safety

Possible side effects

- Sleepiness, slowed reactions, or fatigue
- Dizziness, poor balance, or falls
- Memory problems or difficulty concentrating

Keeping track of treatment

Some side effects resolve with time; others may require a change of medication. Discuss persistent or bothersome side effects with your provider.

Watch for daytime sedation, falls, memory changes, and breathing problems. Older adults and people taking other sedatives may be more sensitive.

Physical dependence can develop with regular use. Sudden stopping or a rapid reduction can cause severe withdrawal, including seizures. Dependence is different from addiction, but misuse and addiction are also possible.

If you take too much

For a suspected overdose, call Poison Control at **1-800-222-1222** immediately, even if you feel well. Call 911 for a seizure, collapse, trouble breathing, or inability to wake.

Before you start

Discuss sleep apnea, lung disease, liver or kidney disease, glaucoma, falls, and any history of substance use problems. Tell your provider about all opioids and other sedatives.

Discuss pregnancy, pregnancy plans, and breastfeeding with your provider. Treatment decisions should consider both the medication and the condition being treated.

Medicines and interactions

Review all your medications with your provider, including over-the-counter medicines and supplements. Have new medications checked before taking them.

Combining a benzodiazepine with an opioid can cause profound sedation, slowed breathing, coma, or death. Use such combinations only under a specifically reviewed treatment plan.

Avoid alcohol. Sleeping pills, sedating antihistamines, muscle relaxants, and other sedatives can increase impairment and breathing risks.

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Living with your treatment

When to get help

Emergency symptoms. Call 911 for slow or difficult breathing, inability to wake, collapse, or a seizure. Severe confusion or hallucinations after reducing or stopping may be dangerous withdrawal.

Prompt medical advice. Contact your provider promptly for repeated falls, marked memory problems, unusual aggression, or needing more medication to get the same effect.

If you feel unsafe or have thoughts of self-harm, call 911 or go to an emergency department.

Your questions answered

Can I stop after taking it regularly?
Consult with your provider before reducing or stopping. A gradual, individualized taper helps limit withdrawal. Do not borrow medication or change the schedule to manage withdrawal yourself.

What if I feel unusually agitated?
Some people develop disinhibition, irritability, or agitation. Contact your provider rather than taking an extra dose.

Everyday tips

Do not drive until you know how the medication affects you. Avoid driving whenever sleepy or impaired.

Keep medication locked away. Never share it, even with someone who has similar symptoms.

Arrange refills or taper instructions before you run out.

Storage and safety

Keep medication in its labeled container, away from excess heat and moisture and out of reach of children and pets. Do not share it. Ask a pharmacy about disposal of unused medication.

Sources

MedlinePlus: Clorazepate

Educational handout; does not replace your prescription or provider's recommendations.